

CROSSVILLE CHRONICLE.

THE TENNESSEE TIMES
CROSSVILLE CHRONICLE

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NO. 25

INDIAN DOCTOR WINS FIGHT.

Had Many Patients Waiting When Case Was Decided in His Favor.

Knoxville, Tenn.—J. S. Sanders, the Indian negro "Yarb" doctor, who had so much notoriety over the efforts to stop his practice at Kingston, last week won the right to continue his practice in Roane county. The matter came up at a special session of the chancery court, called to hear the injunction case. Chancellor Kyle was not present, and Jno. W. Staples of Harriman was chosen by the bar to hear the case.

The hearing has been on since Wednesday, Thursday being given over to arguments on legal questions and a jury was not secured until Saturday morning. Evidence was heard, but, while the jury was out, a motion to dismiss the suit on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction was entered, argued and sustained just before the jury came in. This closed the case, and the jury didn't report, though it was learned the jury's report was favorable to the "Yarb" doctor.

Attempts to stop the doctor's practice were started by Attorney-General Frank M. Thompson at the instance of Dr. Lucius P. Brown. The doctor's books introduced in court, showed him to have administered 30,000 treatments within a year, and when he was restored the right to practice, a long string of patients awaited him.

CONSTIPATION CURED OVER NIGHT.

A small dose of Po-Do-Lax tonight and you enjoy a full, free, easy bowel movement in the morning. No griping, for Po-Do-Lax is Podophyllin (May Apple) without the gripe. Po-Do-Lax corrects the cause of Constipation by arousing the Liver, increasing the flow of bile. Bile is Nature's antiseptic in the bowels. With proper amount of bile, digestion in bowels is perfect. No gas, no fermentation, no constipation. Don't be sick, nervous, irritable. Get a bottle of Po-Do-Lax from our druggist now and cure your constipation overnight. 1

"MECCA" IS THE NAME

Nearly 140 Names Submitted and Miss Juanita Comstock Wins.

The committee chosen to canvass the names offered for the moving picture show was Mrs. W. A. Reed and Mrs. C. G. Black. They had a total of 138 names presented and out of the number the name MECCA was chosen as the best. There were three names that received favorable consideration: "Amusee," "Best" and "MECCA." They were undecided as to which they would select and put the three names in a box and drew one as the choice, with the result stated.

The name that won was furnished by Miss Juanita Comstock, which will give the little lady a free ticket to the show for a year.

Mecca is the holy city of the Mohammedans and is to them what Jerusalem is to the Jews.

When one comes to consider the large number of names presented it is easy to see that the Chronicle is closely read by the people over the county.

SENTENCE COMMUTED.

Gov. Slaton, of Georgia, has commuted the sentence of Leo Frank from the death penalty to life imprisonment. Gov. Slaton said: "I would be a murderer if I allowed this man to hang."

Frank was to have been hanged June 22 for the murder of Mary Phagan, the factory girl, who was killed in the American Pencil factory April 26, 1913. Considerable feeling was manifest when it became known that the life of Frank had been spared by the governor. The case has been a noted one and has aroused interest all over the country and many telegrams and petitions were presented to Gov. Slaton asking that the life of Frank be spared.

Frank still maintains he is innocent of the crime and claims full faith that he will be proven innocent before long. The decision meets with pretty general satisfaction outside of the state of Georgia, and he had many sympathizers there.

ROAD COMMISSION MEETS.

Have Advertised \$100,000 in Bonds for Sale; Bids Opened July 12.

The Highway commissioners met Saturday and organized by electing J. W. Dorton chairman, C. G. Black secretary. J. A. Kemmer is the other commissioner. These are the men named in the act authorizing the sale of \$200,000 of road bonds for building the Dixie Short Line highway north and south through the county, the completion of the Memphis to Bristol highway and the expenditure of \$55,000 for other roads over the county.

Only \$100,000 of the entire bonded issue authorized is being advertised now as the commission deems that more funds on hand at one time would be a loss. The remainder will be sold later when needed.

This is a wise move for as the bonds bear five per cent interest and no bank would pay more than four per cent for the deposit, it would be a clear loss of one per cent, of \$1,000 a year, in case the whole amount of bonds were sold at one time and half should lay idle for a year.

JAMES MAKES OFFER.

C. E. James, of Chattanooga, has written Judge G. P. Burnett a letter in which he offers to loan the county ten or fifteen thousand dollars at six per cent for three or four months, as a working capital until our bonds can be sold. The offer will not likely be accepted as it presents some complications that the commission does not think advisable to assume.

Indications are that the bonds will find ready sale as several inquiries have been received some days ago relative to matters that will be considered by any bond buyer.

The bids for the bonds will be opened July 12 at two o'clock p. m. The feeling is general that, as the bonds are to run for forty years and the rate of interest is five per cent, they will bring a smart bonus.

No steps have been taken as yet to engage engineers or any definite action looking to the establishment of fixed grades, curves and other important matters that will have to receive consideration before actual grade work begins. It seems to be the idea of the commission to take no action looking to actual work until the sale of the bonds is perfected.

WAR SITUATION.

The Austro-German forces are pressing the Russians and winning continued victories. They are expected to capture Lemberg, the Galician capital, in a few days.

The Turks have been punishing the English and French forces on the Gallipoli peninsula quite severely recently. The French are pressing back the Germans in France and taking extensive lines of trenches.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

George Gollmer Cut to Pieces by West-bound Train Wednesday Night.

George Gollmer was run over by the west bound passenger train Wednesday night near Waldensia and instantly killed. He was a single man and about 25 years of age.

Gollmer was struck on the head by the limb of a falling tree, while cutting bark trees a few years ago, and his skull badly fractured. The pressure of the skull on the brain affected his mind so badly that he became subject to fits and was generally unable to care for himself. It is supposed that he fell in one of his fits while crossing the trestles between Daysville and Waldensia and the train ran over him.

BADLY MUTILATED.

Both legs were cut off, the head crushed and the body much crushed and bruised. The body was forced along the track about 100 feet after being struck. The train men picked up the body and brought it to Ozone, where an inquest was held, which developed the conditions much as here related.

When the train struck the body it was lying about 35 feet from the west end of the Waldensia trestle.

CHEAP FLY PREVENTION.

An Easy Way to Kill the Fly in the Egg and the Maggot Stage.

"Swat the fly" is a good war cry; but it is like locking the stable after the horse is stolen. There is a better one—"Swat the eggs." Probably every magazine and newspaper in the United States printed last season from one to a score of arraignments of the common house fly—the disease-breeder, the typhoid fly; the infantile paralysis fly; in a word, the twentieth century pest, an enemy of mankind. "Swat the fly" has become the slogan of the day.

RAPID INCREASE.

For every fly killed in May there will be ten thousand less in June, a million less in July, and by September the most ambitious boy, eager to earn the prize for the greatest number of flies killed, couldn't possibly lift the progeny of this single fly which escaped him in the springtime.

All very true; but where will all these flies lay their eggs and rear their precious babies? Can we find the nests, can we destroy them by wholesale, the larvae or the eggs? We can, easily and cheaply, and every city with ordinary regulations may become a flyless town.

Flies breed in filth, principally manure, and the ordinary pile of stable manure will bring forth enough flies to keep five hundred families fighting the pests from morning till night.

If one-tenth of the money invested in fly screens were spent on killing fly eggs laid in manure piles and garbage cans there would be no need of the fly screens which keep out the flies and incidentally a large proportion of the cooling breezes of summer.

Our Government has carried on an extensive experiment with manure piles and the eggs which each female fly deposits therein by the thousand and has found the remedy.

It is ordinary borax, one of the commonest and cheapest of minerals, produced in abundance in the United States, and it takes very little to make the fly egg quite worthless as a future fly. Borax costs about five cents a pound, and the crude borax mineral, colemanite, considerably less, while three fifths of a pound sprinkled through 10 cubic feet—about eight bushels of manure will kill 99 per cent of the eggs and maggots of the fly.

MANY EXPERIMENTS.

A long series of experiments looking to the destruction of fly eggs and fly larvae in manure piles has been carried on under the direction of Dr. L. O. Howard, the entomologist of the Department of Agriculture, the manure being treated in boxes or cages, the collection of these resembling a group of huge beehives. The manure, well infested with fly eggs, was treated with borax, kerosene, potassium cyanide, formaldehyde, copper sulphate, Paris green and ten or a dozen other chemicals, but none gave satisfactory results except the borax.

Strangely enough, the Isthmian Canal Commission larvicide, consisting of carbolic acid, resin, caustic soda and water, which kills mosquito larvae in less than half an hour, had but slight effect upon fly larvae.

EFFECT ON MANURE.

An important consideration in the borax treatment is in the effect on the manure. Some of the chemicals tested rendered the manure dangerous as a fertilizer, making it more harmful than beneficial to plant growth, but borax not only makes the manure possibly more beneficial as a fertilizer, but prevents burning or fire-fanging, a natural process with ordinary manure piles which considerably reduces the fertilizing effect.

EASY TO APPLY.

The borax treatment is simplicity itself. Dr. Howard's advice is to apply 6 to 10 pounds of borax to every eight bushels of manure immediately upon its removal from the barn, sifting the borax around the outer edges of the pile with a common flour sifter and then sprinkle a large watering pot full of water over it.

The flies lay their eggs on the fresh

manure and the borax when it comes in contact with the eggs prevents their hatching. The few eggs which do hatch into maggots will soon or later encounter the borax, too, and die.

The treatment should be repeated with each addition of fresh manure, since the eggs hatch out in one day, but remain in the manure as maggots for several days more.

When the manure is kept in closed boxes or pits less frequent applications will suffice. Refuse and garbage should be treated in the same way. The cost of manure treatment is figured at one cent per horse per day.

The borax treatment is so simple, so effective, and so inexpensive and so small a burden on the individual, that any community can enact and easily enforce regulations which will leave the fly without a breeding place; hence there will be no flies to swat.—Scientific American.

WINS SUIT.

DeRossett Hat Company Awarded \$5,000 Against Several Insurance Companies.

The chancery court of appeals handed down a decision last week that awarded to the DeRossett Hat Company \$5,000 sued for because of the failure of the insurance companies to pay the claim of \$20,000 as the result of a fire in the hat company's store about two years ago.

The several insurance companies, it will be remembered, sought to convict Sampson DeRossett, president of the DeRossett Hat Company, of being implicated in the burning of the company's stock about two years ago, at Chattanooga. Mr. DeRossett readily cleared himself of the charge and then sued the several companies for the extra twenty-five per cent, which the law allows for failure to settle a claim within a certain time. As stated above the hat company won its suit.

Sampson DeRossett has two suits now pending against the companies for damages aggregating \$600,000. One suit is for personal damage to his character for the suit brought seeking to implicate him with the fire and the other is for \$500,000 in behalf of his company.

The DeRossett Hat Company did not resume business after the fire. Mr. DeRossett is engaged in conducting the Cumberland Mercantile Company here and is carrying a line of high grade shoes, dry goods and gents' furnishings.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit court closed its labors Saturday for this term. The following cases were handled as indicated.

Jas. Brown, charged with stealing a hog. Had jury trial and was convicted, judge granted new trial, defendant pleaded guilty and was sentenced to penitentiary for from one to five years; judge suspended sentence until next term of court and recommended to the governor pardon or parole. This seems to be a case in which the ignorant and less innocent was made the "goat" of wiser and more guilty ones. J. M. Oakes vs. Cumberland Lumber Company. Suit dismissed and plaintiff taxed with costs.

Fred Abston vs. S. J. Horn. This suit was over some cattle that Mr. Horn had placed with the brother of Fred Abston to raise on the shares. Suit dismissed and plaintiff taxed with the costs. Suit was brought by plaintiff under the pauper o. a. b. S. J. Watson was attorney for plaintiff.

Tennessee Central Railroad vs. Ayers, Lord Tie Company. Damage claimed for wrecking freight cars by allowing them to crash together while loading ties. Suit dismissed and new trial granted; appeal taken by Ayers, Lord Tie Company from action of judge.

A. Lee vs. Oscar Hudgens, land ordered sold. H. D. Oakes vs. Cumberland Lumber Company; judgement for plaintiff for \$168.

Wm. Lyles vs. First National Bank of Crossville. Charged bank with usury. Recovered \$47.50. Lyles owes bank and judge allowed offset on part of bank and Lyles appealed.

FRAUDULENT CHECKS.

If Your Check or Order Is Not Paid When Presented You Are Liable To Prosecution.

The following Act passed by the last session of the general assembly is one of the most wholesome laws that has been enacted in many years. Business houses and individuals have long been greatly annoyed by having small checks refused payment when presented at the bank on which they were drawn. In many instances the person who drew the check knew he had no money there to pay it and simply took that means of defrauding some person or firm. That petty practice will now have to cease.

One of the wholesome features of the law that makes it particularly helpful is that it applies to orders drawn on store, firms or individuals. The Act follows in full:

HOUSE BILL 148.

A BILL to be entitled "An Act making it unlawful for any person to obtain money or other property or credit by check, draft or order which is not paid by the drawee, and where the same is not refunded or restored by such person on written demand mailed to his last known address; and making the fact of such person not having on deposit with the drawee such money or other property, prima facie evidence of said fraudulent intent."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That any person who shall obtain with fraudulent intent, money or other property which may be subject of larceny, or who shall obtain credit with like intent, by means of a check, draft or order, of which he is the maker or drawer, which is not paid by the drawee, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor if the amount of value is thirty dollars or less, if the amount of value is more than thirty dollars he shall be guilty and punishable as in case of larceny of such money or other property, or of anything of value obtained on such credit, unless payment of such check, draft or order after giving seven days written notice mailed to the drawer's last known address, and the fact that such maker or drawer did not have on deposit or to his credit with the bank, person, firm or corporation upon which such check, draft or order is drawn, sufficient funds to pay the same when presented, unless such check or draft is paid or accepted when presented, shall be prima facie evidence of fraudulent intent.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith be, and the same are, hereby repealed, and that this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed May 12, 1915.
Wm. P. Cooper,
Speaker of House of Representatives.
Albert E. Hill,
Speaker of the Senate.
Approved May 15, 1915.
Tom C. Rye, Governor.

TO PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH.

The kidneys are the great health preservers. Rheumatism, backache, headache, sore muscles, stiff joints come when the kidneys are out of order and fail to properly filter the blood. Foley Kidney Pills tone up tired and diseased kidneys, banish backache and stop sleep disturbing bladder troubles. For sale by Reed & Burnett.

Millstone

Miss Carrie Shadden, of Gang, is visiting at Mrs. E. P. Melvine's. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Sam Barnes on June 6, a boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Morris and children are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Cox.

H. C. Hamby made a business trip to Crab Orchard Saturday.

Miss Anne Day passed through here Wednesday on her way to Rockwood.

Graham Melvin went to Harriman Saturday.

James Scott went to Rockwood Saturday.

Grace Kendrick went to Crab Orchard between trains Saturday.

Dock Scott, Mildred Mings and Lawrence and Grace Asbert, of Ozone, were at Waldensia Saturday.

June 17. Happy Top.

AUTOMOBILE TAX.

Under the automobile tax law, all automobiles with capacities of five passengers and over are taxed \$7.50, all four passenger and under cars are taxed \$4, and motor-cycles are taxed \$2.50. This tax is now due.